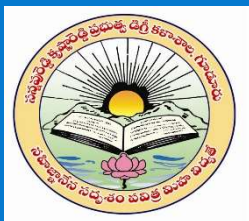


SKR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE, GUDUR
B.Sc. Zoology Core Syllabus under CBCS



DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

Dr. K. SIVA PRASAD

LECTURER IN ZOOLOGY

Course Objectives
&
Outcomes



VIKRAMA SIMHAPURI UNIVERSITY
Common Framework of CBCS for Colleges in Andhra Pradesh
 (A.P. State of Council of Higher Education)

SKR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE, GUDUR
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Course Structure

Course Objectives & Outcomes

Sem	Paper	Title of course	Credits	Hrs	Marks		
					Int	Univ	Total
I	I	Animal Diversity-I - Biology of Non-Chordates	4	4	25	75	100
		Practical I :	1	2	0	50	50
II	II	Animal Diversity – II - Biology of Chordates	4	4	25	75	100
		Practical II:	1	2	0	50	50
III	III	Cell biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology & Evolution	4	4	25	75	100
		Practical-III:	1	2	0	50	50
IV	IV	Physiology, Cellular Metabolism & Embryology Biotechnology	4	4	25	75	100
		Practical-IV:	1	2	0	50	50
IV	V	Immunology & Animal Biotechnology	4	4	25	75	100
		Practical V :	1	2	0	50	50

PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.Sc.
(With Chemistry, Botany and Zoology Disciplines)

As per the **National Education Policy, 2019** the **outcomes of Higher Education** include increased critical thinking abilities, higher order thinking and deeper learning, mastery of content, problem solving, team work and communication skills besides general engagement and enjoyment of learning including systematic research in India.

The overall objectives of the learning outcomes-based curriculum framework are to:

- Help formulate graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes that are expected to be demonstrated by the holder of a qualification;
- Enable prospective students, parents, employers and others to understand the nature and level of learning outcomes (knowledge, skills, attitudes and values) or attributes a graduate of a programme should be capable of demonstrating on successful completion of the programme of study.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs):

PEO1 Higher Education: Empower students to pursue higher studies in various fields of Biology and Chemistry.

PEO2 Career: Enable students to pursue careers in Chemical, Biological and related fields as demonstrated by professional success at positions within industry, government, or academia.

PEO3 Social responsibility: Enable students to exhibit professionalism, ethical attitude, communication skills and team work in their profession.

Program Outcomes (POs):

The Learning Outcomes of the programme could be in consonance with the Bloom's Taxonomy, which includes –

1. Remember (Lower order)
2. Understand (Lower Order)
3. Apply (Lower Order)
4. Analyze (Higher Order)

5. Evaluate& Problem Solving (Higher Order)
6. Create (Higher Order)

PO1Critical thinking: Able to understand and utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, think analytically, clearly and evaluate critically while solving problems and making decisions during biological study .

PO2Effective communication: Able to formally communicate Scientific ideas and investigations of the biology discipline to others using both oral and written communication skills.

PO3Social interaction :Able to develop individual behavior and influence society and social structure.

PO4Effective citizenship: Able to work with a sense of responsibility towards social awareness and follow the ethical standards in the society.

PO5Ethics: Ability to demonstrate and discuss ethical conduct in scientific activities.

PO6Environment and Sustain ability: Able to understand the impact of biological science in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge for sustainable development.

PO7Self-directed and life-long learning: Able to recognize the need of life-long learning and engage in research and self-education.

Domain Subject: ZOOLOGY

***(Syllabus with Outcomes, Co-curricular Activities, References & Mode I Q.P
For Five Courses of 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 Semesters)***

“The domain subject “Zoology”, embracing the fields of Animal diversity , Cell biology, Genetics, evolution, Animal physiology, Biochemistry, Embryology, Immunology, Molecular biology and Ecology gives the student a broad understanding of faunal diversity, various life processes involved in the development of an animal, its functioning, its response to environmental stimuli, molecular basis of life, new technological approach towards life, an insight for the lecturer into research and responsibility of the student towards environment”.

GENERAL CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

➤ **Lecturer-based:**

- 1) **Class-room activities:** Organization of Group discussions, question-answer sessions, scientific observations, use of audio-visual aids, guidance programmes, examination and evaluation work (scheduled and surprise tests), quizzes, preparation of question banks, student study material, material for PG entrance examinations etc.
- 2) **Library activities:** Reading books and magazines taking notes from prescribed and reference books and preparation of notes on lessons as per the syllabus; Reading journals and periodicals pertaining to different subjects of study; Making files of newspaper cuttings etc.
- 3) **Lab activities:** Organization of practicals, maintenance of lab attendance registers/log registers, maintenance of glassware and chemicals
- 4) **Activities in the Seminars, workshops and conferences:** Organization of at least one seminar/workshop/conference per academic year either on academic/research aspects and inculcate research spirit among students
- 5) **Research activities:** Student study projects (General / RBPT model), Minor or Major research projects, Research guidance to research scholars, Publication of research articles/papers (at least one in 2 years) in UGC-recognized journals, Registration in Vidwan/ Orcid/Scopus/Web of Science
- 6) **Smart Classroom Activities:** Organization of Departmental Whats App groups, Edmodo groups/Google Classroom/Adobe Spark groups for quick delivery of the subject; Preparation of Moocs content & presentation tube lessons by trained lecturers; Using smart/digital/e- class rooms (mandatory) wherever present; Utilization of you tube videos (subject to copy rights) etc.

➤ **Student-based:**

- 1) **Class-room activities:** Power point presentations, seminars, assignments
- 2) **Library activities:** Visit to library during library hour and preparation of notes
- 3) **Lab activities:** Maintenance of observation note book and record, keep ing lab clean and tidy
- 4) **Activities in the Seminars, workshops and conferences:** Participation/presentation in seminar/workshop/conference

CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITES

OBJECTIVES:

The co-curricular activities are aimed at strengthening the theoretical knowledge with an activity related to the content taught in the class room. The aesthetic development, character building, spiritual growth, physical growth, moral values, creativity of the student.

The different types of c o-curricular activities relevant to Zoology domain are listed below:

➤ **Academic - based**

- Preparation of Charts/Clay or Thermocol Models
- Debates, Essay Writing Competitions
- Group Discussion s
- Departmental (Zoology) magazine
- Formation of Boo k clubs
- Animal album-making
- Viva-Voce

➤ **Lab/Research –based**

- Digital dissections
- Field Visit/Excursions/Zoological Tours and submission of report t
- Training at research centres (aquaculture/apiculture/sericulture etc.)
- Exposure to scientific instruments and hands-on experience

➤ **Value - based**

- Organization of first-aid camp, swachhbharat, cleanliness week, girl-child importance, Nutrition and health awareness etc.

➤ **Observation of Days of National/International Importance**

World Cancer Day (February 4 th)	International Biological Diversity Day (May 22 nd)
Darwin Day (February 1 st)	World Turtle Day (May 23 rd)
National Science Day (Feb 28 th)	World blood Donor Day (June 14 th)
World Wildlife day (March 3 rd)	World Zoonoses Day (July 6 th)
National Vaccination Day (March 16 th)	World Mosquito Day (August 20 th)
World Health Day (April 7 th)	World Turtle Day (May 23 rd)
Earth Day (April 22 nd)	World Mosquito Day (August 20 th)
Malaria Day (April 25 th)	World Animal Day (October 4 th)
World Hepatitis Day (May 19 th)	World Immunization Day (November 10 th)

SEMESTER I**PAPER – I: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES****HOURS: 60 (5X12)****Max. Marks: 100**

Course Outcomes: By the completion of the course the graduate should be able to –

- CO1** Describe general taxonomic rules on animal classification
- CO2** Classify Protozoa to Coelenterata with taxonomic keys
- CO3** Classify Phylum Platyhelminthes to Annelida phylum using examples from parasitic adaptation and vermin composting
- CO4** Describe Phylum Arthropoda to Mollusca using examples and importance of insects and Molluscs
- CO5** Describe Echinodermata to Hemichordata with suitable examples and larval stages in relation to the phylogeny

Learning objectives

1. To understand the taxonomic position of protozoa to helminthes.
2. To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to protozoa to hemichordata.
3. To understand the structural organization of animals phylum from protozoa to hemichordata.
4. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from protozoa to hemichordata .
5. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from annelids to hemichordates.

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR I SEMESTER**ZOOLOGY - PAPER - I****ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES****Periods: 24****Max. Marks: 50**

Learning Outcomes:

- To understand the importance of preservation of museum specimens
- To identify animals based on special identifying characters
- To understand different organ systems through demo or virtual dissections
- To maintain a neat, labeled record of identified museum specimens

SEMESTER II

PAPER – II: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

HOURS :60 (5X12)

Max. Marks:100

Course Outcomes:

By the completion of the course the graduate should be able to -

CO1 Describe general taxonomic rules on animal classification of chordates

CO2 Classify Protochordata to Mammalia with taxonomic keys

CO3 Understand Mammals with specific structural adaptations

CO4 Understand the significance of dentition and evolutionary significance **CO5** Understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from Protochordata to mammalia.

Learning objectives

1. To understand the animal kingdom .
2. To understand the taxonomic position of Protochordata to Mammalia.
3. To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to Fishes to Reptilians.
4. To understand the body organization of Chordata.
5. To understand the taxonomic position of Protherian mammals.

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR II SEMESTER**ZOOLOGY - PAPER - II****ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES****Periods: 24****Max. Marks: 50****Learning Outcomes:**

- To understand the taxidermic and other methods of preservation of chordates
- To identify chordates based on special identifying characters
- To understand internal anatomy of animals through demo or virtual dissections, thus directing the student for “empathy towards the fellow living beings”
- To maintain a neat, labeled record of identified museum specimens

SEMESTER III
PAPER – III: CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND
EVOLUTION

HOURS:60 (5X12)

Max. Marks:100

Course Outcomes:

The overall course outcome is that the student shall develop deeper understanding of what life is and how it functions at cellular level. This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in Cell Biology, Animal Biotechnology and Evolution and by the completion of the course the graduate shall be able to –

- CO1** To understand the basic unit of the living organisms and to differentiate the organisms by their cell structure.
- CO2** Describe fine structure and function of plasma membrane and different cell organelles of eukaryotic cell.
- CO3** To understand the history of origin of branch of genetics, gain knowledge on heredity, interaction of genes, various types of inheritance patterns existing in animals
- CO4** Acquiring in-depth knowledge on various aspects of genetics involved in sex determination, human karyotyping and mutations of chromosomes resulting in various disorders
- CO5** Understand the central dogma of molecular biology and flow of genetic information from DNA to proteins.
- CO6** Understand the principles and forces of evolution of life on earth, the process of evolution of new species and apply the same to develop new and advanced varieties of animals for the benefit of the society.

Learning Objectives

- To understand the origin of cell and distinguish between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell
- To understand the role of different cell organelles in maintenance of life activities
- To provide the history and basic concepts of heredity, variations and gene interaction
- To enable the students distinguish between polygenic, sex-linked, and multiple allelic modes of inheritance.
- To acquaint student with basic concepts of molecular biology as to how characters are expressed with a coordinated functioning of replication, transcription and translation in all living beings
- To provide knowledge on origin of life, theories and forces of evolution
- To understand the role of variations and mutations in evolution of organisms

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR III SEMESTER ZOOLOGY - PAPER - III
CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND EVOLUTION

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Acquainting and skill enhancement in the usage of laboratory microscope
- Hands-on experience of different phases of cell division by experimentation
- Develop skills on human karyo typing and identification of chromosomal disorders
- To apply the basic concept of inheritance for applied research
- To get familiar with phylogeny and geological history of origin & evolution of animals

SEMESTER IV
PAPER – IV: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND
EMBRYOLOGY

HOURS : 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes:

This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in Physiology, Cellular metabolism and Molecular Biology and by the completion of the course the graduate shall be able to –

CO1 Understand the functions of important animal physiological systems including digestion, cardio-respiratory and renal systems.

CO2 Understand the muscular system and the neuro-endocrine regulation of animal growth, development and metabolism with a special knowledge of hormonal control of human reproduction.

CO3 Describe the structure, classification and chemistry of biomolecules and enzymes responsible for sustenance of life in living organisms

CO4 Develop broad understanding the basic metabolic activities pertaining to the catabolism and anabolism of various biomolecules

CO5 Describe the key events in early embryonic development starting from the formation of gametes upto gastrulation and formation of primary germ layers.

Learning Objectives

- To achieve a thorough understanding of various aspects of physiological systems and their functioning in animals.
- To instil the concept of hormonal regulation of physiology, metabolism and reproduction in animals.
- To understand the disorders associated with the deficiency of hormones
- To demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the intersection between the disciplines of Biology and Chemistry.
- To provide insightful knowledge on the structure and classification of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and enzymes
- To demonstrate an understanding of fundamental biochemical principles such as the function of biomolecules, metabolic pathways and the regulation of biochemical processes
- To make students gain proficiency in laboratory techniques in biochemistry and orient them to apply the scientific method to the processes of experimentation and hypothesis testing.

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR IV SEM ESTER ZOOLOGY - PAPER - IV
ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND
EMBRYOLOGY

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Identification of an organ system with histological structure
- Deducing human health based on the information of composition of blood cells
- Demonstration of enzyme activity *in vitro*
- Identification of various biomolecules of tissues by simple colorimetric methods and also quantitative methods
- Identification of different stages of early embryonic development in animals

SEMESTER IV
COURSE – 5: IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

HOURS : 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes:

This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in immunology, genetics, embryology and ecology and by the completion of the course the graduate shall be able to –

- CO1** To get knowledge of the organs of Immune system, types of immunity, cells and organs of immunity.
- CO2** To describe immunological response as to how it is triggered (antigens) and regulated (antibodies)
- CO3** Understand the applications of Biotechnology in the fields of industry and agriculture including animal cell/tissue culture, stem cell technology and genetic engineering.
- CO4** Get familiar with the tools and techniques of animal biotechnology.

Learning Objectives

- To trace the history and development of immunology
- To provide students with a foundation in immunological processes
- To be able to compare and contrast the innate versus adaptive immune systems and humoral versus cell-mediated immune responses
- Understand the significance of the Major Histocompatibility Complex in terms of immune response and transplantation
- To provide knowledge on animal cell and tissue culture and their preservation
- To empower students with latest biotechnology techniques like stem cell technology, genetic engineering, hybridoma technology, transgenic technology and their application in medicine and industry for the benefit of living organisms

- To explain *in vitro* fertilization, embryo transfer technology and other reproduction manipulation methodologies.
- To get insight in applications of recombinant DNA technology in agriculture, production of therapeutic proteins.
- To understand principles of animal culture, media preparation.

**ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR IV SEMESTER COURSE – 5:
IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Acquainting student with immunological techniques vis-à-vis theory taught in the class room
- Interconnect the theoretical and practical knowledge of immunity with the outer world for the development of a healthier life.
- Demonstrate basic lab oratory skills necessary for Biotechnology research
- Promoting application of the lab techniques for taking up research in higher studies